

Electron Yukawa from s-channel Higgs production at FCC-ee(125 GeV)

EF01 Working Group Meeting
2nd September 2020

David d'Enterria (CERN)

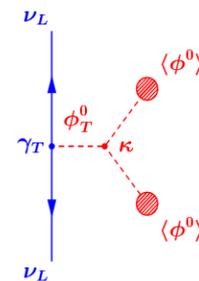
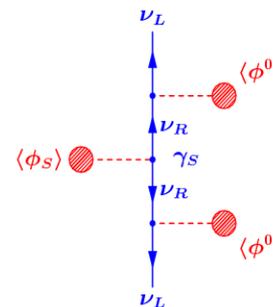
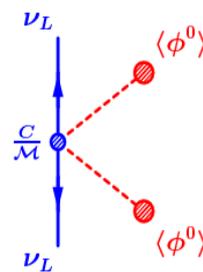
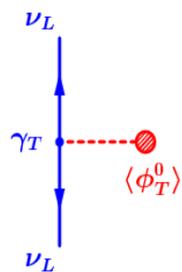
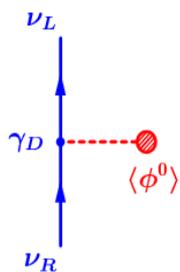
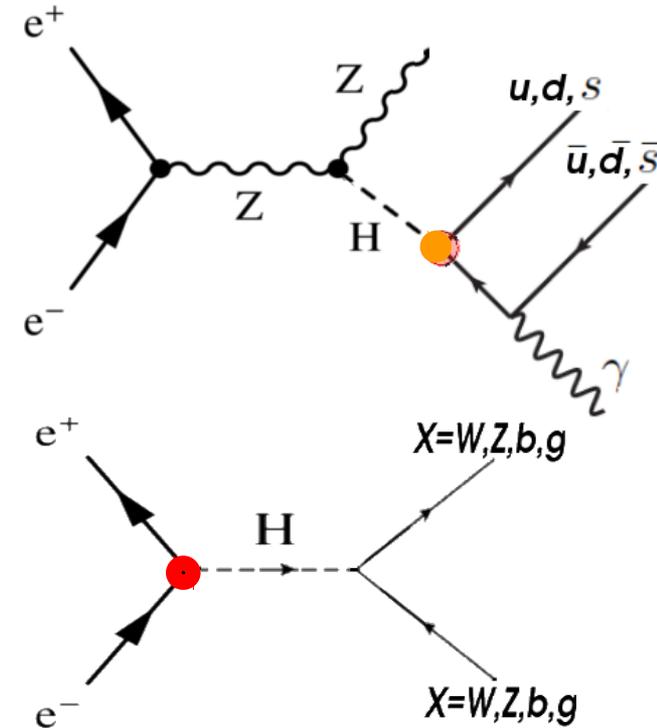
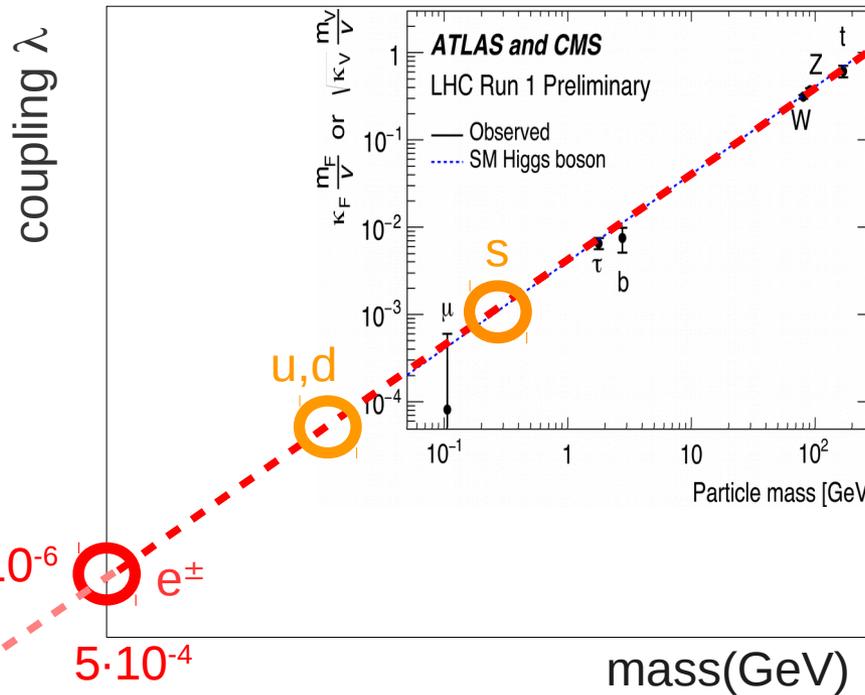
A. Poldaru (CERN)

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(*) Now SLAC/Stanford

Generation of lightest fermion masses?

- LHC can only measure 3rd (plus a few 2nd)-generation Yukawas.
- Can we **prove mass generation for stable (u,d,e,v) matter** in the Universe?

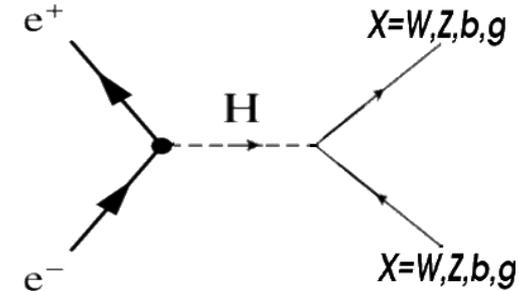
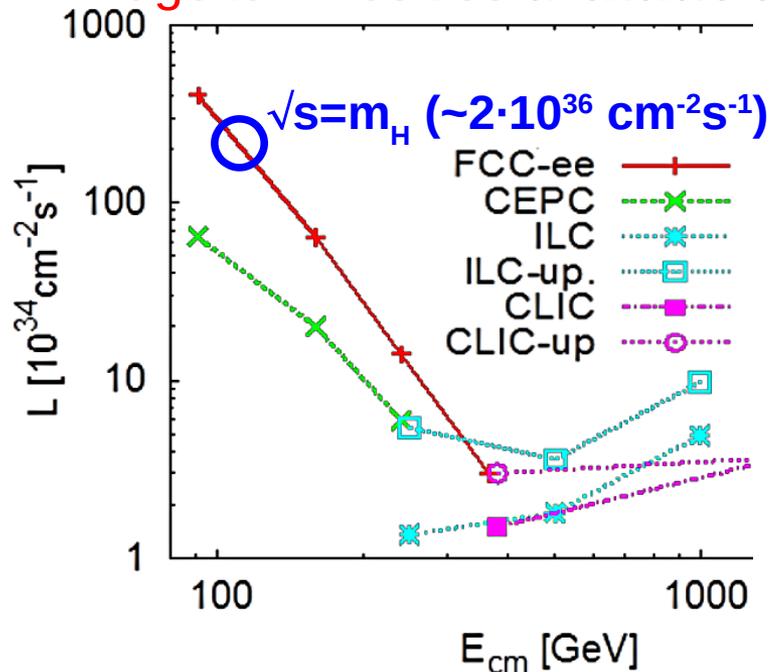


e Yukawa via s-channel $e^+e^- \rightarrow H$ production

- Higgs decay to e^+e^- is unobservable: $BR(H \rightarrow e^+e^-) \propto m_e^2 \approx 5 \cdot 10^{-9}$
- Resonant Higgs production considered so far only for muon collider: $\sigma(\mu\mu \rightarrow H) \approx 70$ pb. **Tiny κ_e Yukawa coupling** \Rightarrow Tiny $\sigma(ee \rightarrow H)$:

$$\sigma(e^+e^- \rightarrow H) = \frac{4\pi\Gamma_H^2 Br(H \rightarrow e^+e^-)}{(\hat{s} - M_H^2)^2 + \Gamma_H^2 M_H^2} = 1.64 \text{ fb } (m_H=125 \text{ GeV}, \Gamma_H=4.2 \text{ MeV})$$

- **Huge luminosities** available at FCC-ee:



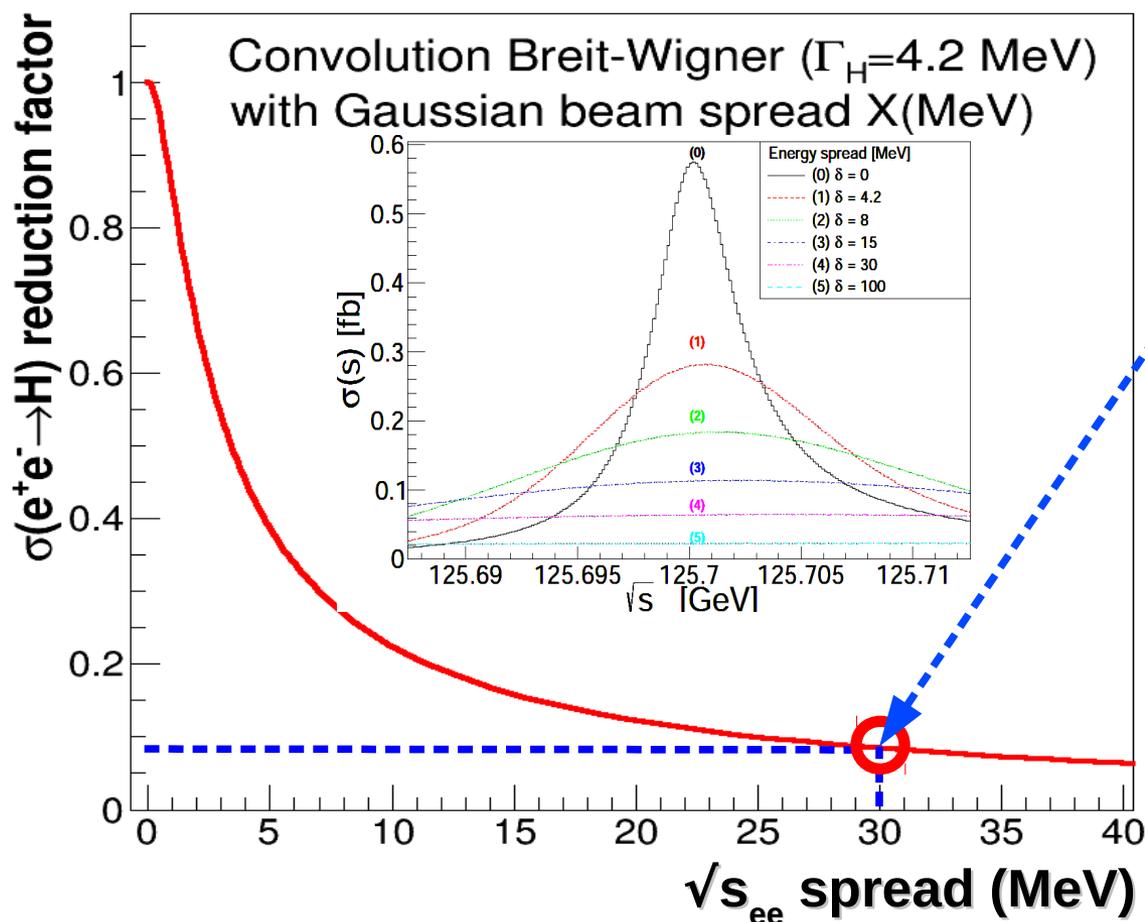
In theory, FCC-ee running at H pole-mass $L_{\text{int}} \approx 20 \text{ ab}^{-1}/\text{yr}$ would produce $O(30.000)$ H's

IFF we can control: (i) beam-energy spread, (ii) ISR, and (iii) huge backgrounds, then:

- \rightarrow **Electron Yukawa coupling** measurable.
- \rightarrow **Higgs width** measurable (threshold scan)?
- \rightarrow Separation of possible **nearly-degen.** H's?

“Actual” s-channel $e^+e^- \rightarrow H$ cross section

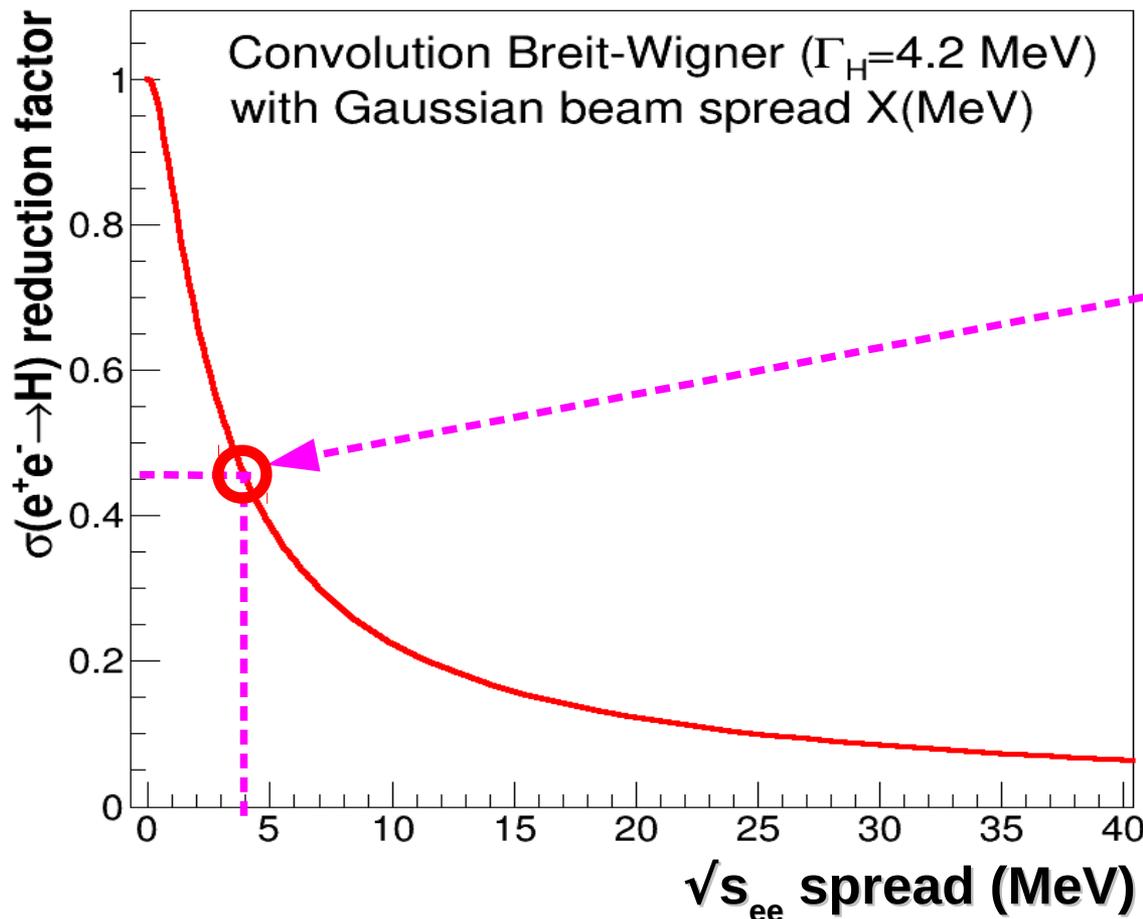
- $\sigma(e^+e^- \rightarrow H) = 1.64 \text{ fb}$ for Breit-Wigner with natural $\Gamma_H = 4.2 \text{ MeV}$ width. But Higgs production **greatly suppressed off resonant peak**.
- Convolution of **Gaussian energy spread** of each e^\pm beam with Higgs Breit-Wigner results on a (Voigtian) **effective cross-section decrease**:



For $\sqrt{s}_{\text{spread}} \approx 30 \text{ MeV}$:
Reduction factor: $\times 1/12$

“Actual” s-channel $e^+e^- \rightarrow H$ cross section

- $\sigma(e^+e^- \rightarrow H) = 1.64 \text{ fb}$ for Breit-Wigner with natural $\Gamma_H = 4.2 \text{ MeV}$ width. But Higgs production **greatly suppressed off resonant peak**.
- **Convolution** of **Gaussian energy spread** of each e^\pm beam with Higgs Breit-Wigner leads to a (Voigtian) **effective cross-section decrease**:

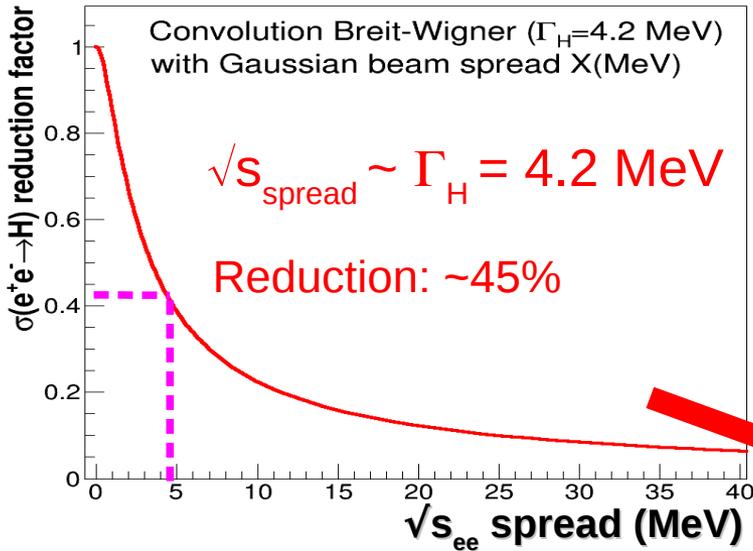


$\sqrt{s_{\text{spread}}} = \Gamma_H = 4.2 \text{ MeV}$
~45% x-section reduction

Reachable with beams
monochromatization?
What luminosity loss price?

[F.Zimmermann, A.Valdivia:
JACoW-IPAC2017-WEPIK015
JACoW-IPAC2019-MOPMP035
See F. Zimmemann's slides]

“Actual” s-channel $e^+e^- \rightarrow H$ cross section

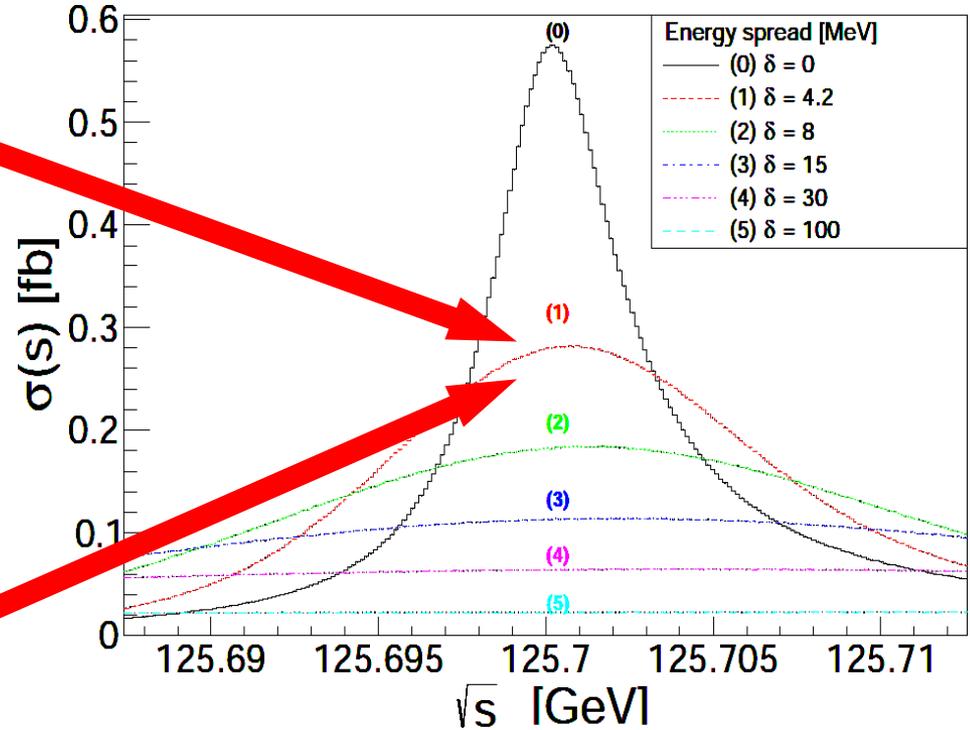


Note: Higgs pole known to within ± 5 MeV

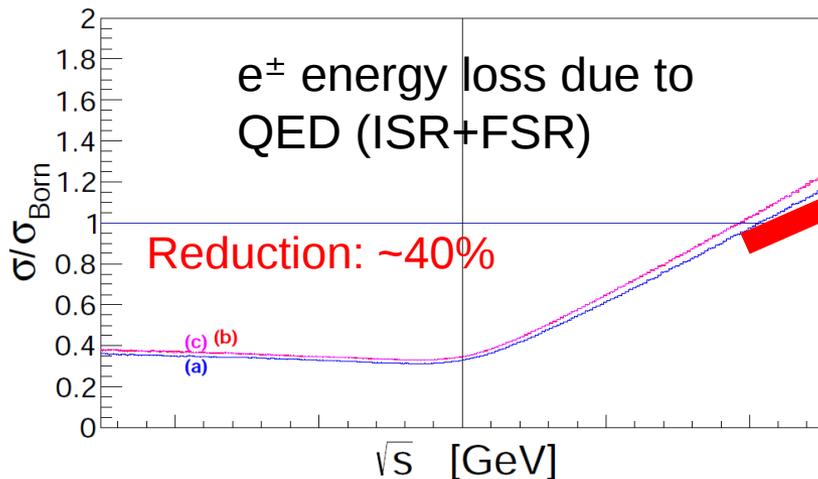
Monochrom. goal: $\sqrt{s}_{\text{spread}} \approx \Gamma_H = 4.2$ MeV

■ Full convolution of both effects:

[S.Jadach, R. Kycia, PLB755 (2016) 58]



■ Extra $\sim 40\%$ reduction due to QED radiation:

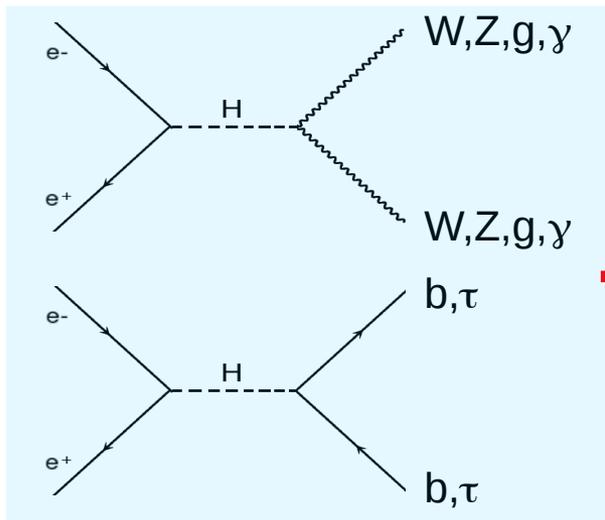


$\sigma_{\text{spread+ISR}}(e^+e^- \rightarrow H) = 0.17 \times \sigma(e^+e^- \rightarrow H) = 290$ ab

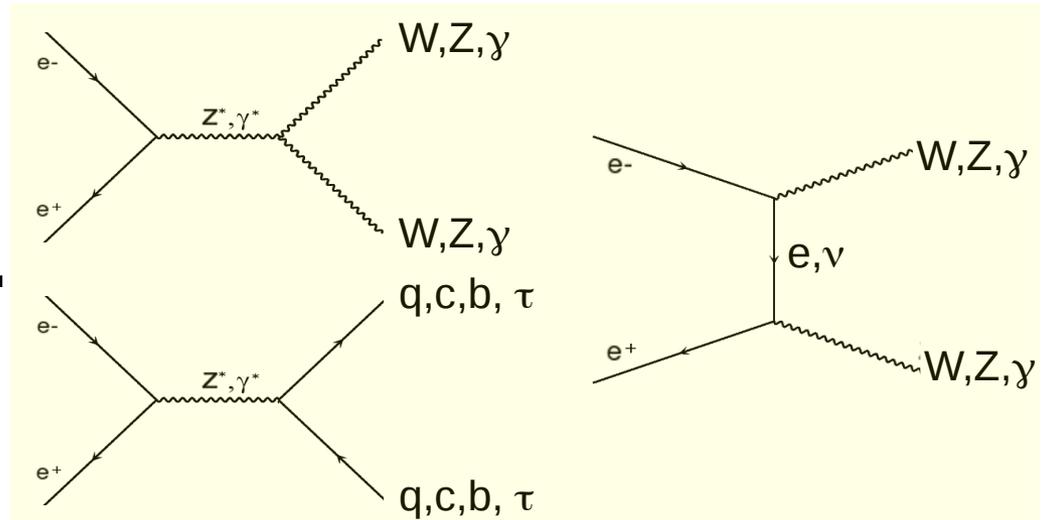
Signal & backgrounds simulation

- **PYTHIA8** e^+e^- at $\sqrt{s} = m_H = 125$ GeV to generate 10 final-states for Higgs signal plus backgrounds ($e^+e^- \rightarrow WW^*, ZZ^*, \gamma\gamma, gg, \tau\tau, b\bar{b}, c\bar{c}, q\bar{q}$):

SIGNAL



BACKGROUNDS (s-channel Z/γ , all t-channels)



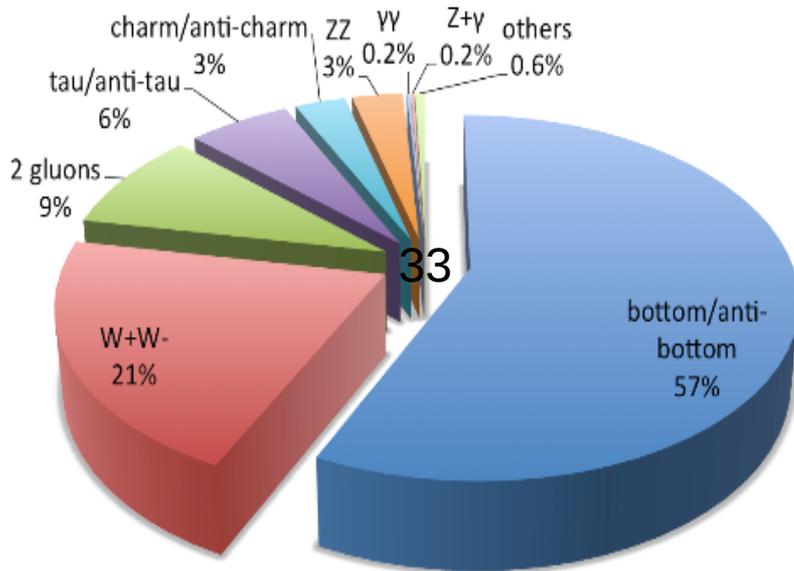
(other SM loop-induced $e^+e^- \rightarrow H$ found negligible)

- **HDECAY**: Higgs boson decay **branching ratios**
- **YFSWW/ZZ/MG5** calculators to cross-check **PYTHIA8** x-sections
- **FastJet** package: **Exclusive e^+e^- ($N_j=2,4$) jet algorithm**
- **Event-shape** variables: [Webber 2007]
- **ISR switched-on in PY8**, \sqrt{s}_{spread} via scaling to match $\sigma(e^+e^- \rightarrow H) = 290$ ab

Higgs measurement at FCC-ee(125 GeV)

Very-rare counting experiment over 10 decay channels:

Decays of a 125 GeV Standard-Model Higgs boson



- Other 2-jet final-state ($c\bar{c}$) swamped by $e^+e^- \rightarrow Z^*, \gamma^* \rightarrow cc$ (20 pb)
- Other 4-jet final-state (ZZ^*) swamped by $e^+e^- \rightarrow Z^*, \gamma^* \rightarrow q\bar{q}$ (100 pb), $e^+e^- \rightarrow WW^*, ZZ^*$ (20 fb)
- Rarer decays (4ℓ) have ~ 0 counts.

1) $b\bar{b}$ (2 b-jets): $\sigma = 156$ ab

Dominant bckgd ($ee \rightarrow b\bar{b}$): $\sigma = 20$ pb (S/B $\sim 10^{-5}$)

2) WW^* (4j): $\sigma = 28$ ab

Dominant bckgd ($ee \rightarrow 4j$): $\sigma = 16$ fb (S/B $\sim 10^{-3}$)

3) WW^* (2j1 ν): $\sigma = 27$ ab

Dom. bckgd ($ee \rightarrow WW^*$): $\sigma = 20$ fb (S/B $\sim 10^{-3}$)

4) WW^* (2l2 ν): $\sigma = 6.7$ ab

Dom. bckgd ($ee \rightarrow WW^*$): $\sigma = 5$ fb (S/B $\sim 10^{-3}$)

5) gg (2 jets): $\sigma = 24$ ab

Dom. bckgd ($ee \rightarrow "gg"$): $\sigma = 0.9$ pb (S/B $\sim 10^{-4}$)

6) $\tau\tau$ (2 τ -jets): $\sigma = 7.5$ ab

Dom. bckgd ($ee \rightarrow \tau\tau$): $\sigma = 10$ pb (S/B $\sim 10^{-7}$)

7) ZZ^* (2j2 ν): $\sigma = 2.3$ ab

Dom. bckgd ($ee \rightarrow ZZ^*$): $\sigma = 213$ ab (S/B $\sim 10^{-2}$)

8) ZZ^* (2l2j): $\sigma = 1.14$ ab

Dominant bckgd ($ee \rightarrow ZZ^*$): $\sigma = 114$ ab (S/B $\sim 10^{-2}$)

9) ZZ^* (2l2 ν): $\sigma = 0.34$ ab

Dominant bckgd ($ee \rightarrow \tau\tau$): $\sigma = 10$ pb (S/B $\sim 10^{-8}$)

10) $\gamma\gamma$ (2 isolated γ): $\sigma = 0.65$ ab

Dominant bckgd ($ee \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$): $\sigma = 36$ pb (S/B $\sim 10^{-8}$)

Event selection variables & efficiencies

- Single & pair kinematical variables for jets, leptons :

$p_{T,i}$, η_i , ϕ_i , $mass_i$, $charge_i$, ΔR_{isol} (Isolation: $\Sigma E < 1$ GeV, $\Delta R < 0.25$)

$p_{T,max}$, $p_{T,min}$, η_{max} , η_{min} , ϕ_{max} , ϕ_{min} (All objects reconstructed within $|\eta| < 5$ acceptance)

m_{inv} , $\cos(\theta_{ij})$, $\Delta\eta_i$, $\Delta\phi_i$, H_T

- Global event variables:

E_{tot} , missing energy vector (ME, m_{ME})

Sphericity, aplanarity, thrust min, thrust max,...

- Jet(s)/tau reconstruction performances:

b-jet tagging effic. = 70%

charm-jet mistag rate = 5%

light-q mistag rate = 1.5%

c-jet tagging effic. = 80%

b-jet mistag rate = 18%

light-q mistag rate = 2%

e- γ mistag rate = 0.3%

g-tagging effic. = 60%

light-q mistag rate = 5%

τ -tagging rate = 80%

τ -mistag rate = 0.75%

- ISR events tagged via 2 methods (depending on ν 's in final state):

(1) **Cut on the ME vector.** ISR photons mostly emitted along beam axis:

Large missing energy (ME) but low transverse missing energy (MET).

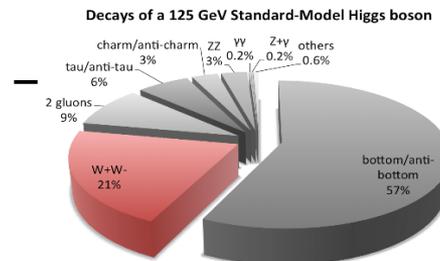
(2) **Cut on E_{tot} (computed without isolated ISR photons within $|\eta| < 5$):**

Isolated photons with $E > 5$ GeV omitted: $E_{total} > 120$ GeV

– Kinematics cuts applied to reducible backgrounds.
– MVA BDT applied to (dominant) irreducible continuum.

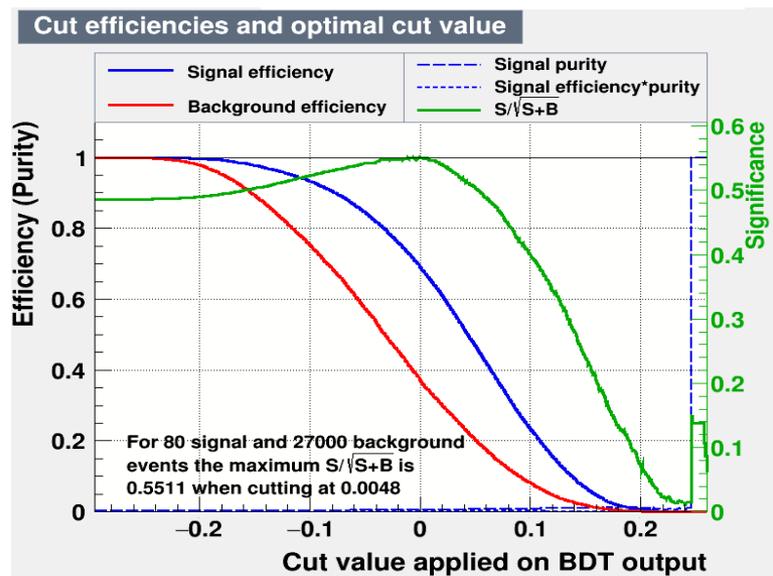
Most significant channel: $e^+e^- \rightarrow H(WW^*) \rightarrow l\nu jj$

- Final state (retains 80% of $\sigma(WW^*(l\nu jj)) = 28$ ab):
1 isolated $e, \mu, \tau(e), \tau(\mu)$ + ME > 2 GeV + 2 jets (excl.)



- Analysis cuts:

- ✓ $E_{j1,j2} < 52,45$ GeV ← Kills $e^+e^- \rightarrow q\bar{q}$
- ✓ $m_{W(l\nu)} > 12$ GeV/c² ← Kills $e^+e^- \rightarrow q\bar{q}$
- ✓ $E_{\text{lepton}} > 10$ GeV ← Kills $e^+e^- \rightarrow q\bar{q}$
- ✓ ME > 20 GeV ← Kills $e^+e^- \rightarrow q\bar{q}$
- ✓ $m_{ME} < 3$ GeV/c² ← Kills $e^+e^- \rightarrow \tau\tau$
- ✓ BDT MVA ← Kills $e^+e^- \rightarrow WW^*$ continuum
(exploits opposite W^\pm polarizations in H decay)



- Signal & backgrounds before/after cuts:

$q\bar{q}$:	$\sigma = 22$ pb	\Rightarrow	$\sigma(\text{after}) = 4$ ab
$\tau\tau$:	$\sigma = 1$ pb	\Rightarrow	$\sigma(\text{after}) = 2.6$ ab
WW^* :	$\sigma = 16.3$ fb	\Rightarrow	$\sigma(\text{after}) = 2.7$ fb
$H(WW^*)$:	$\sigma = 23$ ab	\Rightarrow	$\sigma(\text{after}) = 8$ ab

For $L_{\text{int}} = 10$ ab⁻¹

$S/\sqrt{B} = 80/\sqrt{27000} \approx 0.5$

Significance ≈ 0.5

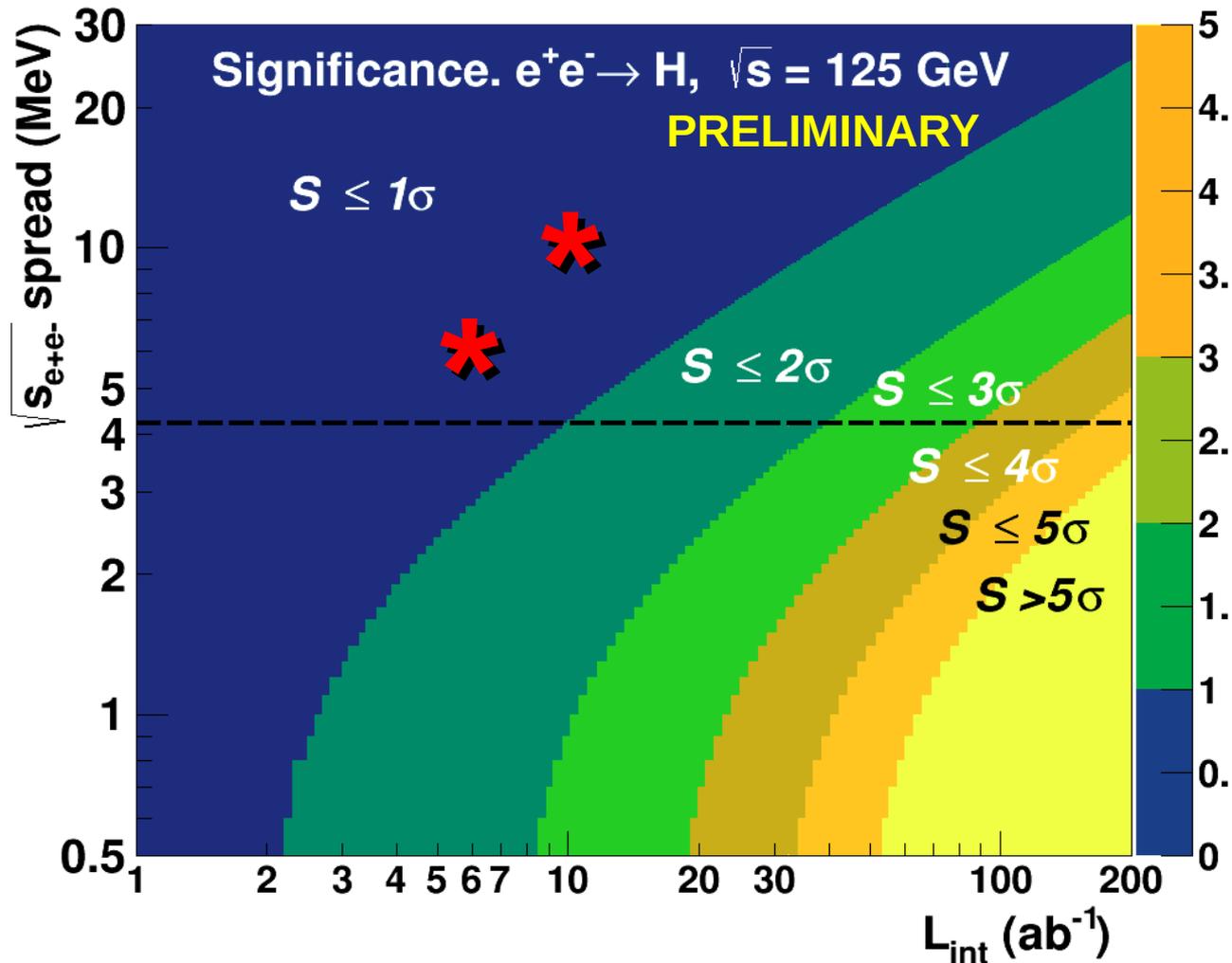
$e^+e^- \rightarrow H$ significance: Multi-channel combination

- Channels combination using **RooStats-based tool for LHC Higgs** analyses: **Profile likelihood** & hybrid **significances** give \sim identical results, which are also very close to naive S/\sqrt{B} expectation (no background uncertainty).

Channel	Significance (1 ab^{-1})	Significance (10 ab^{-1})
$WW \rightarrow l\nu 2j, 2l 2\nu, 4j$	$0.15 \oplus 0.09 \oplus 0.03$	$0.50 \oplus 0.30 \oplus 0.08$
$ZZ \rightarrow 2j 2\nu, 2l 2j, 2l 2\nu$	$0.07 \oplus 0.05 \oplus 0.01$	$0.21 \oplus 0.16 \oplus 0.03$
bb	0.03	0.10
gg	0.12	0.4
$\tau\tau$	–	0.02
$\gamma\gamma$	–	0.01
Combined	0.3σ	$\sim 1\sigma$

- For 10 ab^{-1} , and $\sqrt{s}_{\text{spread}} \approx \Gamma_H = 4.2 \text{ MeV}$:
Significance $\approx 1\sigma$ (preliminary value, optimizations ongoing)

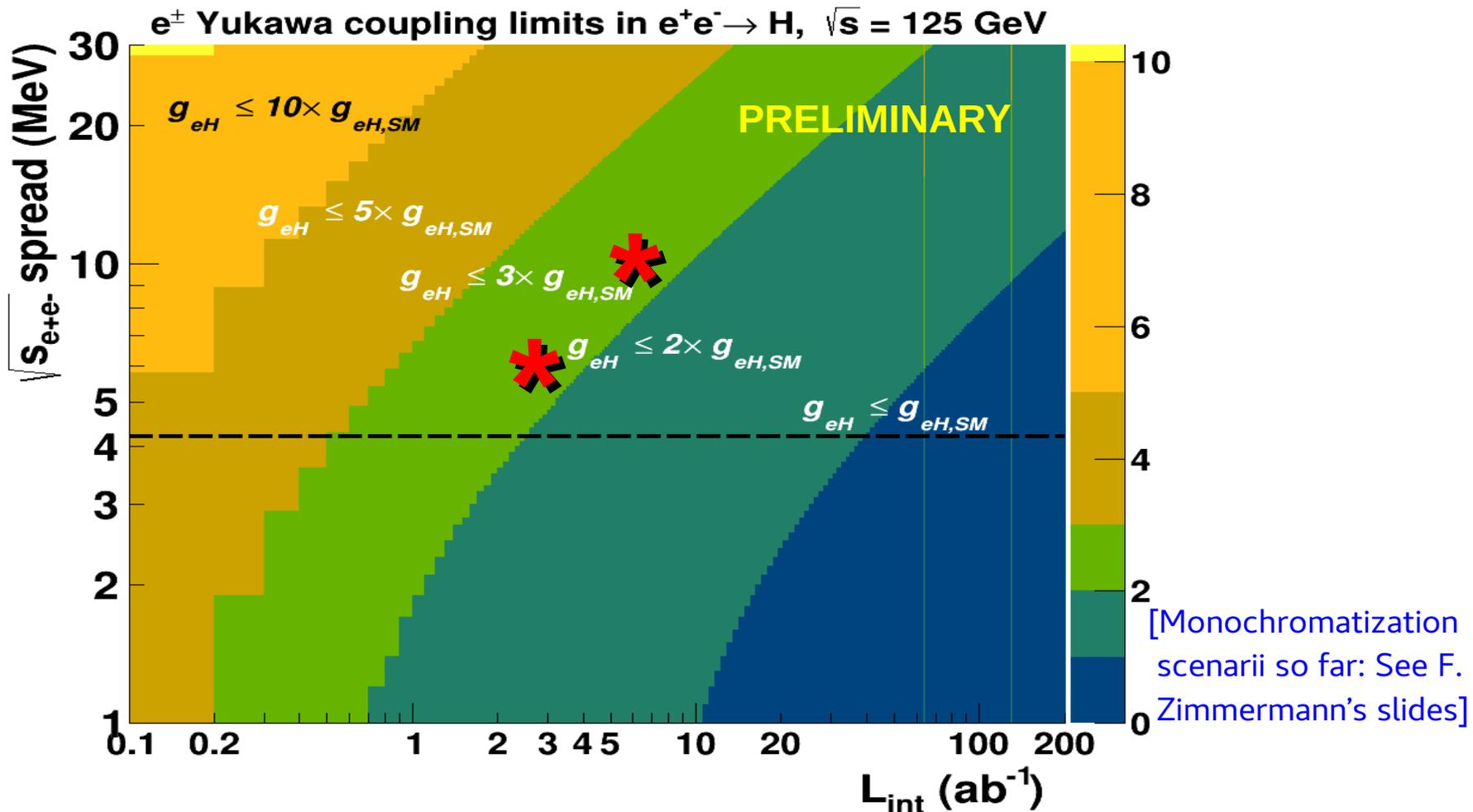
$e^+e^- \rightarrow H$ significance vs. L_{int} & \sqrt{s}_{spread}



[Monochromatization scenarii so far: See F. Zimmermann's slides]

- Baseline monochromatization ($\sqrt{s}_{\text{spread}} = 6$ MeV, $L_{\text{int}} = 3$ ab^{-1}) : Signif. $\sim 0.7\sigma$
- Optimized monochromatization ($\sqrt{s}_{\text{spread}} = 10$ MeV, $L_{\text{int}} = 7$ ab^{-1}) : Signif. $\sim 0.7\sigma$

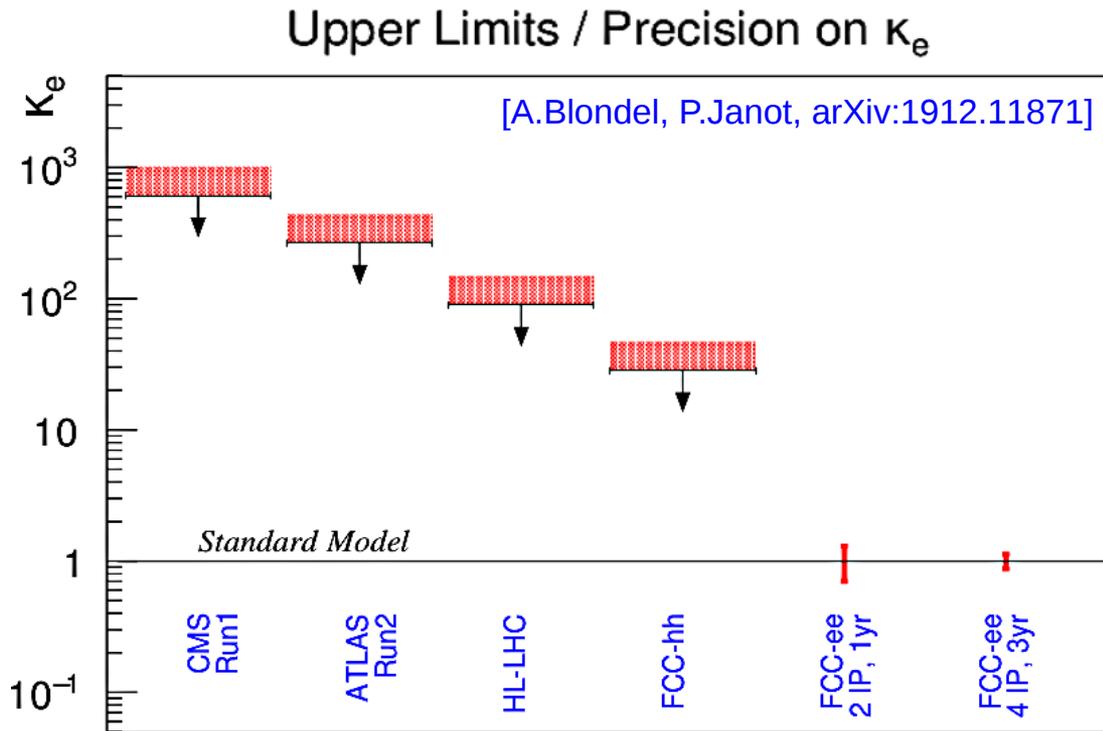
κ_e Yukawa limits vs. L_{int} & \sqrt{s}_{spread}



- Baseline monochrom. ($\sqrt{s}_{\text{spread}} = 6$ MeV, 3 ab^{-1}): $\kappa_e < 3 \times \kappa_{e,SM}$ (95% CL)
- Optimized monochrom. ($\sqrt{s}_{\text{spread}} = 10$ MeV, 7 ab^{-1}): $\kappa_e < 3 \times \kappa_{e,SM}$ (95% CL)

κ_e Yukawa limits at various machines

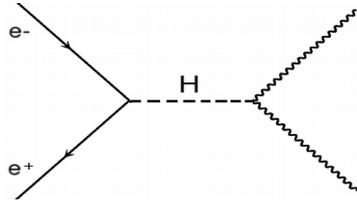
- Hadron machines can very loosely constrain κ_e via $H \rightarrow e^+e^-$ searches on top of huge DY (and $H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$) backgrounds:



- Limits on κ_e are $\times 100$ ($\times 30$) better than at HL-LHC (FCC-hh).
- Depending on # IPs, yrs, improved monochrom.: $\kappa_e < 1 \times \kappa_{e,SM}$ (95% CL) at reach

Conclusions

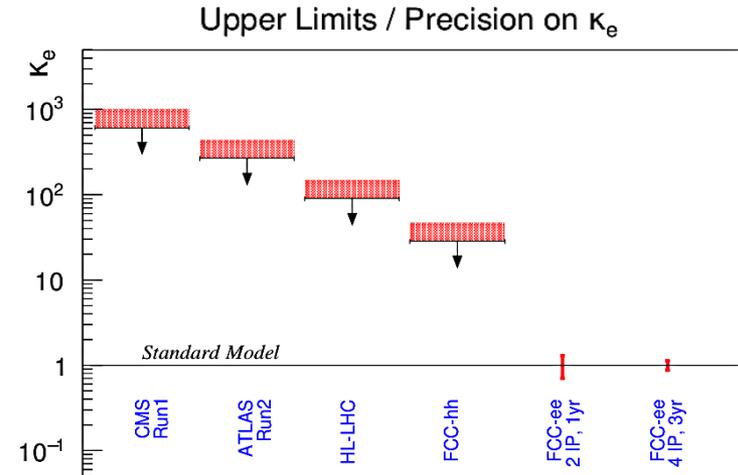
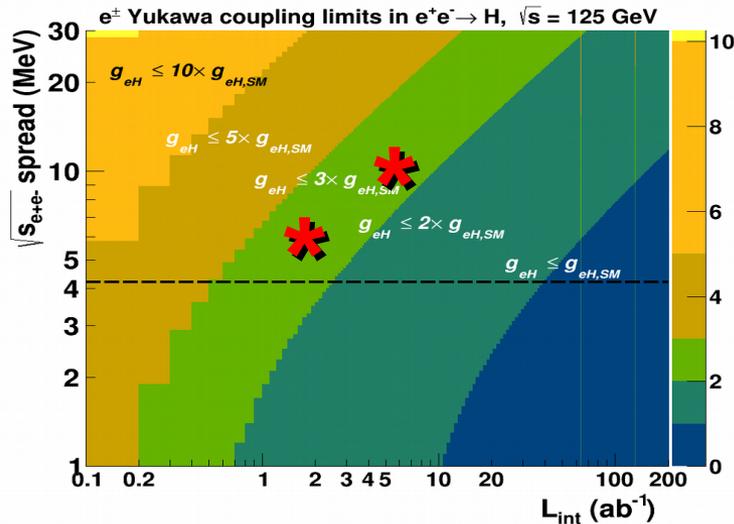
- Resonant s-channel Higgs production at FCC-ee ($\sqrt{s} = 125$ GeV):



$$\sigma(e^+e^- \rightarrow H)_{\text{B-W}} = 1.64 \text{ fb}$$

$$\sigma(e^+e^- \rightarrow H)_{\text{spread}} = 290 \text{ ab (ISR + } \sqrt{s}_{\text{spread}} = \Gamma_H = 4.2 \text{ MeV)}$$

- Preliminary study for signal + background for 10 decay channels.



Significance $\sim 1\sigma$ (ongoing improvements). Bounds on κ_e at SM level.

- Improve analysis? Study best monochromatization \sqrt{s}_{spread} , L_{int} working point

- Fundamental unique physics accessible:

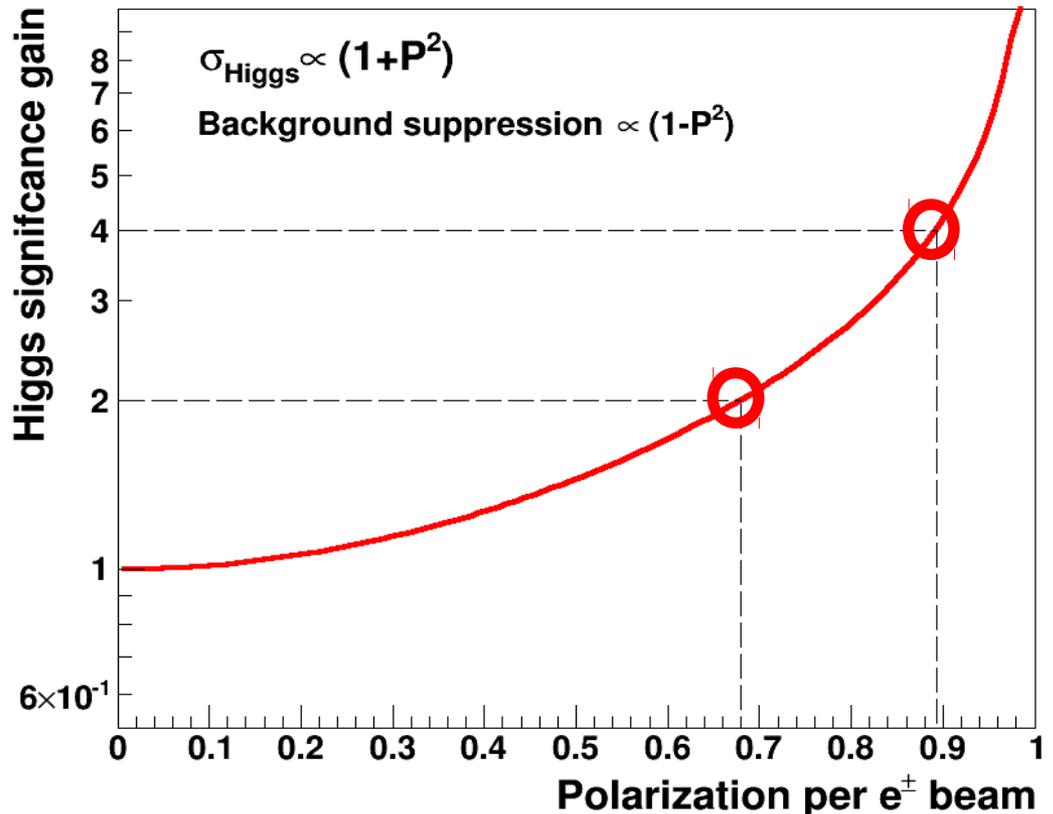
→ Electron Yukawa coupling: Limits $\times 100$ ($\times 30$) better than HL-LHC (FCC-hh)

→ Higgs width (“natural” threshold scan)? Separation of BSM nearly-degen. H's?

Backup slides

Polarized beams? Other physics at $\sqrt{s}=125$ GeV?

- Polarization of beams would **enhance the signal by $(1+Pol^2)$ and suppress background by $(1-Pol^2)$** . However, realistic longit. polarization estimates ($Pol=20-30\%$) are clearly insufficient, higher polarizations would reduce Luminosity, unclear with monochromatization...



- **Significance increase:**

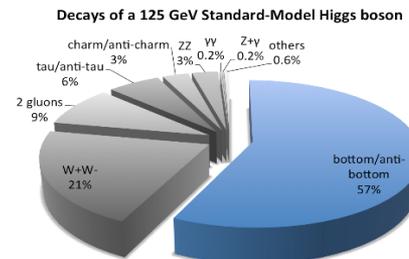
Pol. = 68%: $\times 2$ significance

Pol. = 90%: $\times 4$ significance

- What other physics can one do running at Higgs pole?
 - Counting of number of neutrinos, Z with ISR, QCD, flavour,...

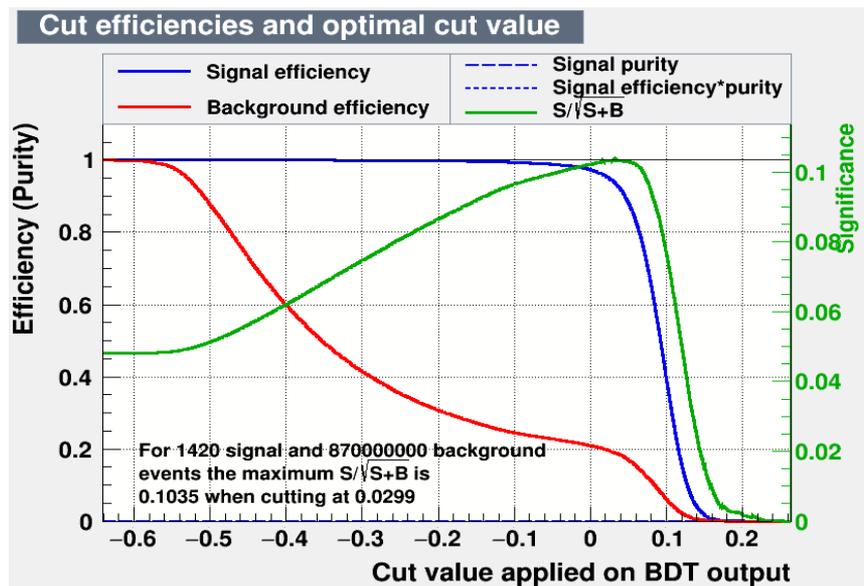
Channel 1: $e^+e^- \rightarrow H(bb) \rightarrow 2 \text{ b-jets}$

- Final state (retains 90% of $\sigma(bb) = 156 \text{ ab}$):
2 jets (exclusive) + 1 b-jet tagged + 0 $\tau(\text{had})$



- Analysis cuts:

- ✓ Kinematics: None.
- ✓ BDT MVA applied to reduce dominant $Z^*\gamma^* \rightarrow b\bar{b}$ continuum



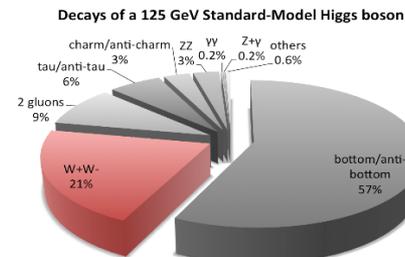
- Signal & backgds before/after MVA cuts:

$H(bb)$: $\sigma = 142 \text{ ab} \Rightarrow \sigma (\text{after}) = 131 \text{ ab}$
 $qqar$: $\sigma \approx 20 \text{ pb} \Rightarrow \sigma (\text{after}) = 17 \text{ pb}$
 $\tau\text{-}\tau$: $\sigma = 607 \text{ ab} \Rightarrow \sigma (\text{after}) = 375 \text{ ab}$

For $L_{\text{int}} = 10 \text{ ab}^{-1}$
 $S/\sqrt{B} = 1310/\sqrt{1.7e+8} \approx 0.1$
 Significance ≈ 0.1

Channel 2: $e^+e^- \rightarrow H(WW^*) \rightarrow l\nu jj$

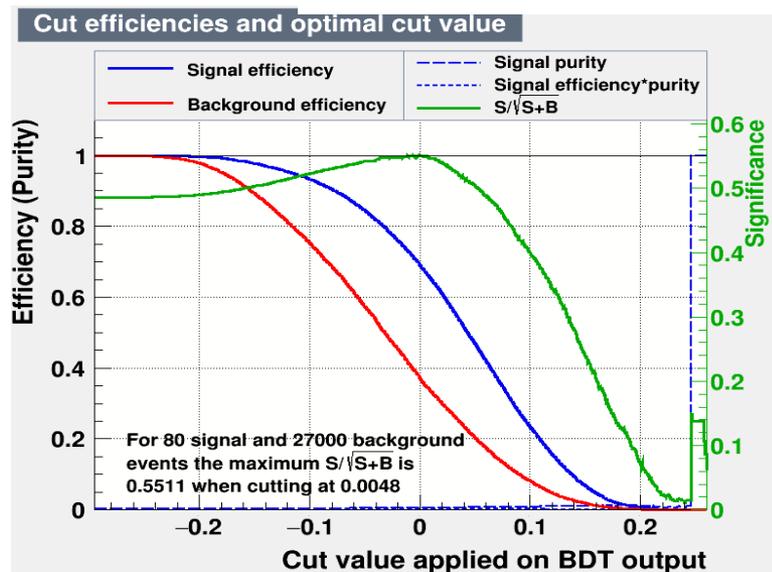
- Final state (retains 80% of $\sigma(WW^*(l\nu jj)) = 28$ ab):
1 isolated $e, \mu, \tau(e), \tau(\mu) + ME > 2$ GeV + 2 jets (excl.)



- Analysis cuts:

- ✓ $E_{j1,j2} < 52,45$ GeV ← Kills qqbar
- ✓ $m_{w(l\nu)} > 12$ GeV/c² ← Kills qqbar
- ✓ $E_{lepton} > 10$ GeV ← Kills qqbar
- ✓ $ME > 20$ GeV ← Kills qqbar
- ✓ $m_{ME} < 3$ GeV/c² ← Kills $\tau\text{-}\tau$
- ✓ BDT MVA ← Kills WW* continuum

(exploits opposite W^\pm polarizations in H decay)



- Signal & backgrounds before/after cuts:

H(WW*): $\sigma = 23$ ab $\Rightarrow \sigma(\text{after}) = 8$ ab
 WW*: $\sigma = 16.3$ fb $\Rightarrow \sigma(\text{after}) = 2.7$ fb
 qqbar: $\sigma = 22$ pb $\Rightarrow \sigma(\text{after}) = 4$ ab
 $\tau\text{-}\tau$: $\sigma = 1$ pb $\Rightarrow \sigma(\text{after}) = 2.6$ ab

For $L_{\text{int}} = 10$ ab⁻¹

$S/\sqrt{B} = 80/\sqrt{27.e3} \approx 0.5$
 Significance ≈ 0.5

Channel 3: $e^+e^- \rightarrow H(WW^*) \rightarrow 2l2\nu$

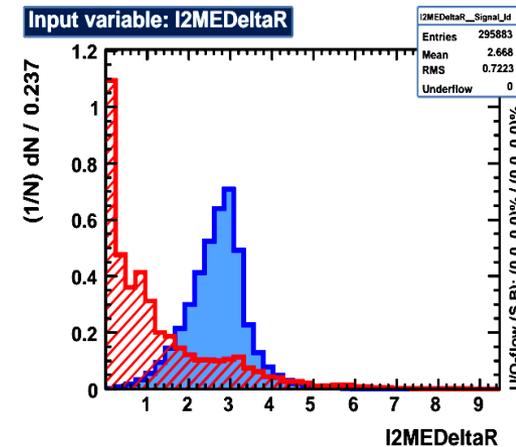
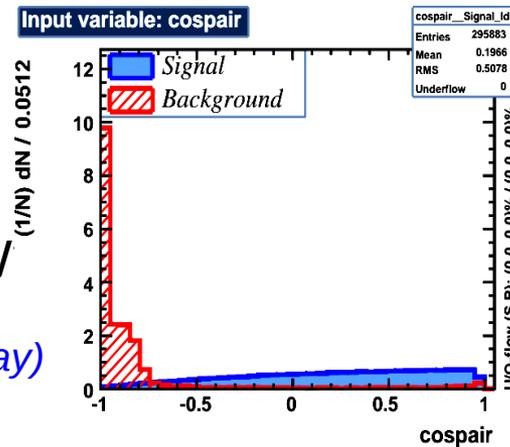
- Final state (retains 60% of $\sigma(WW^*(2l2\nu)) = 7$ ab):
 2 isolated $e, \mu, \tau(e), \tau(\mu) + ME > 2$ GeV
 $+ 0$ non-isolated leptons or ch.had.

- Analysis cuts (Preselection kills qqbar entirely):

- ✓ $\cos(\theta_{l_1 l_2}) > -0.6$ ← Kills $\tau\text{-}\tau$
- ✓ $\Delta R(l_2, ME) > 1.5$ ← Kills $\tau\text{-}\tau$
- ✓ $E_{l_1, l_2} > 3$ GeV ← Kills $\tau\text{-}\tau$
- ✓ $ME > 20$ GeV ← Kills $\tau\text{-}\tau$
- ✓ BDT MVA ← Kills WW

(indicative distributions only: normalized to 1)

(exploits opp. W^\pm polarizations in H decay)



- Signal & backgds before/after cuts:

H(WW*): $\sigma = 4$ ab $\Rightarrow \sigma(\text{after}) = 2.1$ ab

WW*: $\sigma = 2.9$ fb $\Rightarrow \sigma(\text{after}) = 454$ ab

$\tau\text{-}\tau$: $\sigma = 3.1$ pb $\Rightarrow \sigma(\text{after}) = 51$ ab

qqbar: $\sigma \sim 0$ pb $\Rightarrow \sigma(\text{after}) = 0$ ab

ZZ*: $\sigma = 24$ ab $\Rightarrow \sigma(\text{after}) = 0.4$ ab

For $L_{\text{int}} = 10$ ab⁻¹

$S/\sqrt{B} = 21/\sqrt{5000} \approx 0.3$

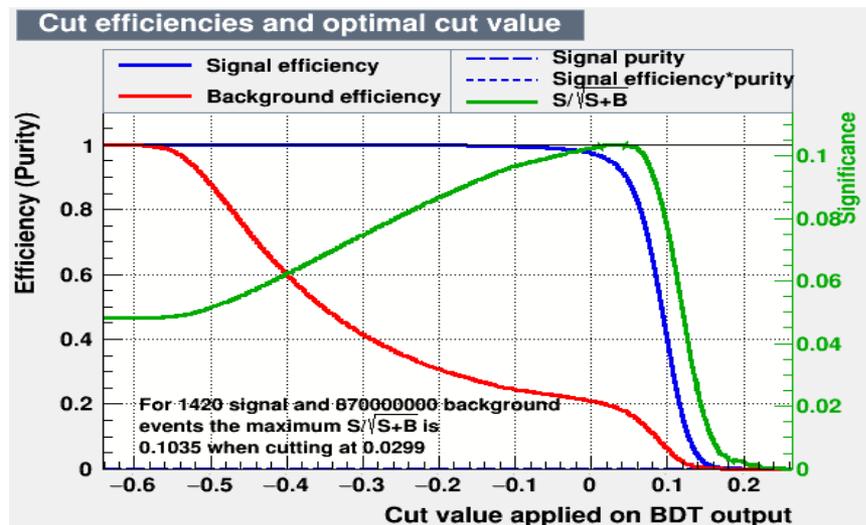
Significance ≈ 0.3

Channel 4: $e^+e^- \rightarrow H(WW^*) \rightarrow 4j$

- Final state (retains 9% of $\sigma(WW^*(4j)) = 29$ ab):
 4 jets (excl.) + ≥ 1 jet c-tagged jet + 0 b-jets + 0 g-jets
 Jets with $m_{j1j2} \sim m_W$ not both c-tagged + 0 τ (had)
 + 0 isolated $e, \mu, \tau(e), \tau(\mu)$

Analysis cuts:

- ✓ $-\ln(y_{j3,jet4}) > 5.$, $E_{total} > 110$ GeV
- ✓ $\max(M_{jj}) = 60-85$ GeV/c²
- ✓ $|\Delta\phi_{Z \text{ decay planes}}| < 1.$
- ✓ BDT MVA



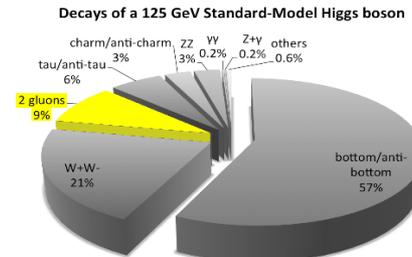
Signal & backgrounds before/after cuts:

H(WW*): $\sigma = 2.75$ ab \Rightarrow $\sigma(\text{after}) = 1.4$ ab
 qqbar: $\sigma = 15.7$ fb \Rightarrow $\sigma(\text{after}) = 2$ fb
 WW*: $\sigma = 1.4$ fb \Rightarrow $\sigma(\text{after}) = 810$ ab
 τ - τ : $\sigma = 0$ ab \Rightarrow $\sigma(\text{after}) = 0$ ab
 ZZ*: $\sigma = 4$ ab \Rightarrow $\sigma(\text{after}) = 1.38$ ab

For $L_{int} = 10 \text{ ab}^{-1}$
 $S/\sqrt{B} = 14/\sqrt{29.e3} \approx 0.08$
 Significance ≈ 0.08

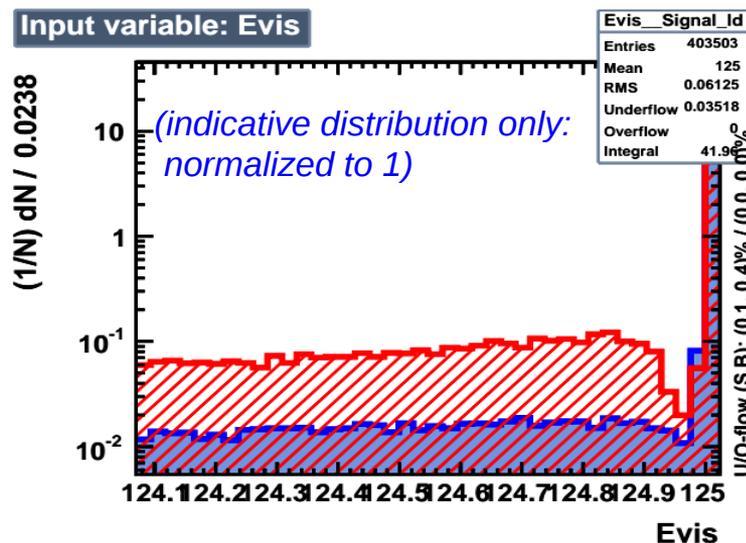
Channel 5: $e^+e^- \rightarrow H(gg) \rightarrow jj$

- Final state (retains 30% of $\sigma(gg) = 24$ ab):
 2 gluon-tagged jets
 + 0 isolated $e, \mu, \tau(e), \tau(\mu) + 0 \tau(\text{had})$



- Analysis cuts:

✓ $E_{\text{tot}} > 124$ GeV
 Kills part of $\tau\tau, WW, ZZ$



- Signal & backgrounds before/after kin. cuts:

H(gg): $\sigma = 7.34$ ab $\Rightarrow \sigma$ (after) = 3.91 ab
 qqbar: $\sigma = 0.86$ pb $\Rightarrow \sigma$ (after) = 1.1 fb
 $\tau\text{-}\tau$: $\sigma = 607$ ab $\Rightarrow \sigma$ (after) = 257 ab
 WW*: $\sigma = 44.6$ ab $\Rightarrow \sigma$ (after) = 26 ab
 ZZ*: $\sigma = 0.74$ ab $\Rightarrow \sigma$ (after) = 0.26 ab

For $L_{\text{int}} = 10$ ab⁻¹
 $S/\sqrt{B} = 39/\sqrt{1.1e5} \approx 0.4$
 Significance ≈ 0.4

Channel 6: $e^+e^- \rightarrow H \rightarrow \tau_{\text{had}}\tau_{\text{had}}$

- Final state (retains 65% of $\sigma(\tau\tau) = 7.4 \text{ ab}$):

2 jets (exclusive) + 2 tau-jet tagged
+ 0 isolated final-state leptons

- Analysis cuts:

✓ Kinematics cuts: None

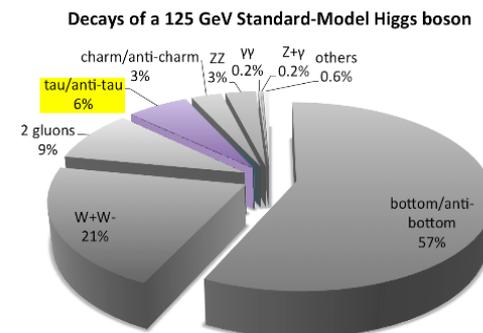
✓ MVA BDT applied to reduce dominant $Z^*/\gamma^* \rightarrow \tau\tau$ continuum.

- Signal & backgds before/after MVA cuts:

$H(\tau\tau)$: $\sigma = 7.4 \text{ ab} \Rightarrow \sigma (\text{after}) = 1.5 \text{ ab}$

$q\bar{q}$: $\sigma = 87 \text{ pb} \Rightarrow \sigma (\text{after}) = 75 \text{ ab}$

$\tau\text{-}\tau$: $\sigma = 10 \text{ pb} \Rightarrow \sigma (\text{after}) = 100 \text{ fb}$



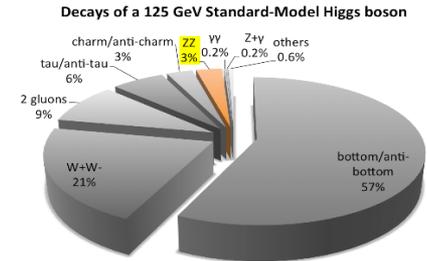
For $L_{\text{int}} = 10 \text{ ab}^{-1}$

$S/\sqrt{B} = 15/\sqrt{1e+6} \approx 0.02$

Significance ≈ 0.02

Channel 7: $e^+e^- \rightarrow H(ZZ^*) \rightarrow 2j2\nu$

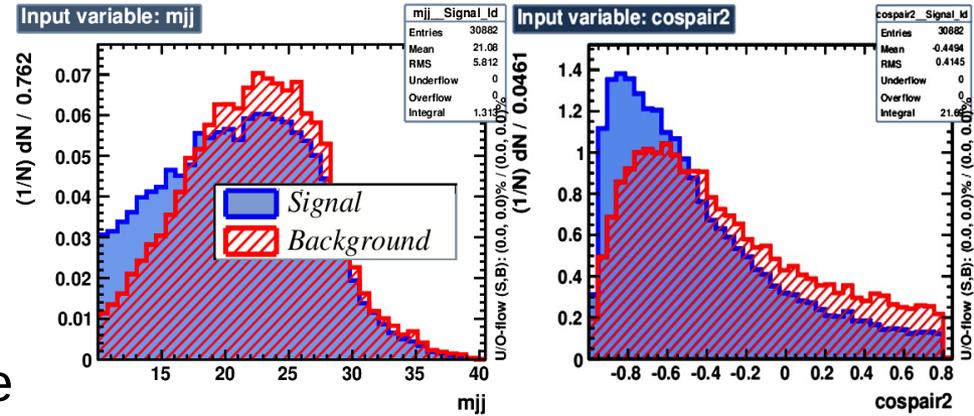
- Final state (retains 75% of $\sigma(WW^*(2j2\nu)) = 2.3$ ab):
 2 jets (excl.) + ME > 30 GeV
 + 0 isolated $e, \mu, \tau(e), \tau(\mu)$ + 0 $\tau(\text{had})$



Kinematic cuts:

- $\min(|m_{ME} - m_Z|, |m_{jj} - m_Z|) < 10$ GeV ← Kills qqbar, τ - τ
- $E_{tot} > 120$ GeV ← Kills qqbar, τ - τ
- $m_{ME} > 60$ GeV/c² ← Kills qqbar, τ - τ
- $\cos(\Delta\theta_{ME, j2}) < 0.8$ ← Kills τ - τ
- $|\eta_{jj}| < 2$ ← Kills qqbar, τ - τ
- $E_{jj} > 14$ GeV ← Kills τ - τ

(indicative distributions only: normalized to 1)



Signal & backgrounds before/after

H(ZZ*): $\sigma = 1.75$ ab \Rightarrow $\sigma(\text{after cuts}) = 0.37$ ab

ZZ*: $\sigma = 179$ ab \Rightarrow $\sigma(\text{after cuts}) = 25$ ab

qqbar: $\sigma = 963$ fb \Rightarrow $\sigma(\text{after cuts}) = 4$ ab

τ - τ : $\sigma = 471$ ab \Rightarrow $\sigma(\text{after cuts}) = 2$ ab

WW*: $\sigma = 526$ ab \Rightarrow $\sigma(\text{after cuts}) = 0$ ab

For $L_{int} = 10$ ab⁻¹

$S/\sqrt{B} = 3.7/\sqrt{316} \approx 0.21$

Significance ≈ 0.21

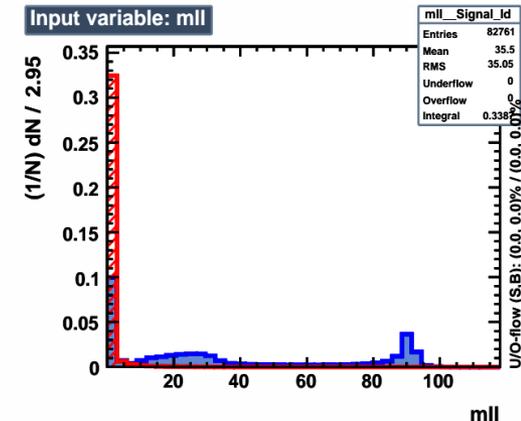
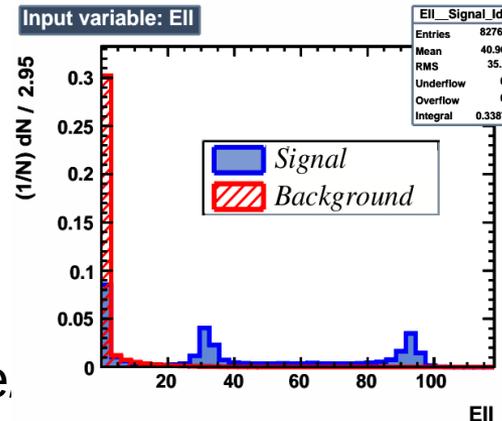
Channel 8: $e^+e^- \rightarrow H(ZZ^*) \rightarrow 2l2j$

- Final state (retains 73% of $\sigma(WW^*(2l2j)) = 1.14$ ab):
 2 isolated opposite-charge leptons $e, \mu, \tau(e), \tau(\mu)$
 + 2 jets (exclusive)

Kinematic cuts:

- ✓ $\min(|M_{l1}-M_{Zl}|, |M_{jj}-M_{Zl}|) < 20\text{GeV}$ ← Kills qqbar, $\tau\text{-}\tau$
- ✓ $ME < 10\text{ GeV}$
- ✓ $E_{\text{lepton}} > 6\text{ GeV}$ ← Kills $\tau\text{-}\tau$
- ✓ $E_{l1} + E_{l2} > 20\text{ GeV}$ ← Kills qqbar
- ✓ $M_{l1} > 20\text{ GeV}/c^2$ ← Kills qqbar
- ✓ $M_{l2} > 20\text{ GeV}/c^2$ ← Kills qqbar
- ✓ $M_{jj} > 10\text{ GeV}/c^2$ ← Kills $\tau\text{-}\tau$

(indicative distributions only: normalized to 1)



Signal & backgrounds before

- $H(ZZ^*)$: $\sigma = 0.84\text{ ab} \Rightarrow \sigma(\text{after}) = 0.2\text{ ab}$
- ZZ^* : $\sigma = 87\text{ ab} \Rightarrow \sigma(\text{after}) = 23\text{ ab}$
- $\tau\text{-}\tau$: $\sigma \sim 0.8\text{ pb} \Rightarrow \sigma(\text{after}) = 2.5\text{ ab}$
- WW^* : $\sigma = 3.1\text{ fb} \Rightarrow \sigma(\text{after}) = 0.04\text{ ab}$
- $qqbar$: $\sigma = 17\text{ pb} \Rightarrow \sigma(\text{after}) = 4\text{ ab}$

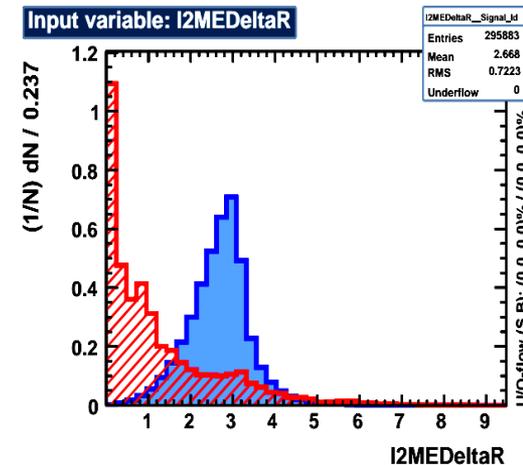
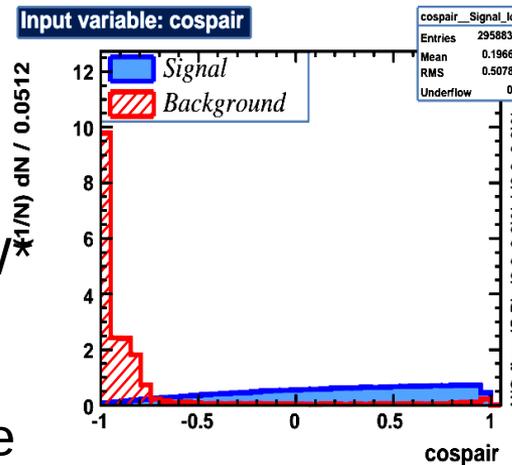
For $L_{\text{int}} = 10\text{ ab}^{-1}$
 $S/\sqrt{B} = 2.7/\sqrt{296} \approx 0.16$
 Significance ≈ 0.16

Channel 9: $e^+e^- \rightarrow H(ZZ^*) \rightarrow 2l2\nu$

- Final state (retains 60% of $\sigma(ZZ^*(2l2\nu)) = 0.34$ ab):
 2 isolated $e, \mu, \tau(e), \tau(\mu)$ + ME > 2 GeV
 + 0 non-isolated leptons or ch.had.
- Analysis cuts (Preselection kills qqbar entirely):

- ✓ $\cos(\theta_{l1l2}) > -0.6$ ← Kills $\tau\text{-}\tau$
- ✓ $\Delta R(l_2, ME) > 1.5$ ← Kills $\tau\text{-}\tau$
- ✓ $E_{l1, l2} > 3$ GeV ← Kills $\tau\text{-}\tau$
- ✓ $ME > 20$ GeV ← Kills $\tau\text{-}\tau$
- ✓ BDT MVA ← Kills WW

(indicative distributions only: normalized to 1)



- Signal & backgds before/afte

H(ZZ*): $\sigma = 0.2$ ab $\Rightarrow \sigma(\text{after}) = 0.04$ ab

WW*: $\sigma = 29$ fb $\Rightarrow \sigma(\text{after}) = 144$ ab

$\tau\text{-}\tau$: $\sigma = 3.1$ pb $\Rightarrow \sigma(\text{after}) = 51$ ab

qqbar: $\sigma \sim 0$ pb $\Rightarrow \sigma(\text{after}) = 0$ ab

ZZ*: $\sigma = 24$ ab $\Rightarrow \sigma(\text{after}) = 9$ ab

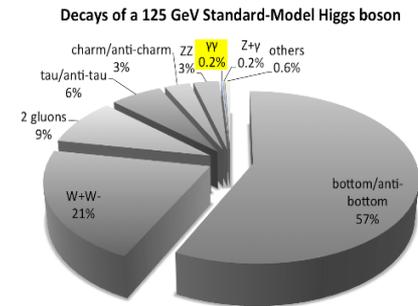
For $L_{\text{int}} = 10$ ab⁻¹

$S/\sqrt{B} = 0.4/\sqrt{2000} \approx 0.01$

Significance ≈ 0.01

Channel 10: $e^+e^- \rightarrow H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$

- Final state (retains 95% of the $\sigma(\tau\tau) = 0.64$ ab):
2 isolated photons (exclusive) + nothing else



- Analysis cuts:

- ✓ $E_\gamma > 60$ GeV reduces diphoton continuum & Bhabha scatt. backgd where e^+e^- mis'id for γ with $P \approx 0.35\%$.

- ✓ MVA BDT doesn't improve result

- Signal & backgds before/after cuts:

$H(\gamma\gamma)$: $\sigma = 0.61$ ab \Rightarrow σ (after) = 0.3 ab

$\gamma\gamma$: $\sigma = 25$ pb \Rightarrow σ (after) = 900 fb

e^+e^- : $\sigma = 2.3$ pb \Rightarrow σ (after) = 59 ab

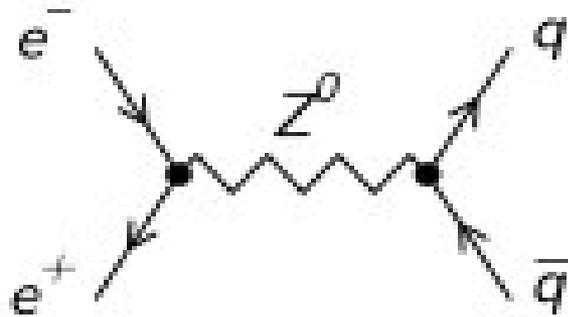
For $L_{\text{int}} = 10 \text{ ab}^{-1}$

$S/\sqrt{B} = 30/\sqrt{1.e4} \approx 0.01$

Significance ≈ 0.01

$e^+e^- \rightarrow H(WW^*) \rightarrow 4j$

- The qqbar background $\sigma \sim O(100 \text{ pb})$ produces mainly 2-jet events, which can be killed by cutting on event shape variables (sphericity & aplanarity), but $\sim 6 \text{ pb}$ remains from quarks that radiate gluons to produce 4-jet events.



- Tagging b-jets (which are produced $\sim 20\%$ of the time in the qqbar background and $\sim 5\%$ of the time in the signal) and removing events with any b-tagged jets provides marginal improvement in separation, but the qqbar background still dominates and washes out the signal almost entirely
- Attempts to reconstruct W mass to apply cuts met with little success (low discriminating power). Try hemisphere separation ...